

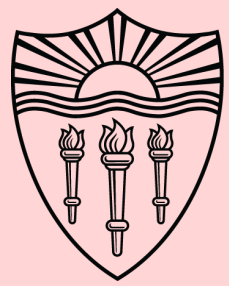
Last Millennium Reanalysis: Sensitivity of Reconstructed Climate Fields to Enhanced Proxy Networks

¹Tanaya Gondhalekar, ¹Julien Emile-Geay, ¹Albus Shang, ²Deborah Khider, ³Nicholas McKay, ³Dave Edge, ⁴Gregory Hakim, ⁴Zilu Meng

¹Dept. of Earth Sciences, University of Southern California, ²Information Sciences Institute, University of Southern California, ³School of Earth and Sustainability, Northern Arizona University, ⁴Dept. of Atmospheric Sciences, University of Washington



NSF Grant 2402476
& 1948822



USC



Data

- ★ **LMRv2.1*[5]:** PAGES2k [1]
- **PRestO2k:** PAGES2k + Iso2k [4] + CoralHydro2k [6]
- **PRestO2k-DOCU:** PAGES2k + Iso2k + CoralHydro2k + DOCU-CLIM [3]
- **evol2k AOD** [8]

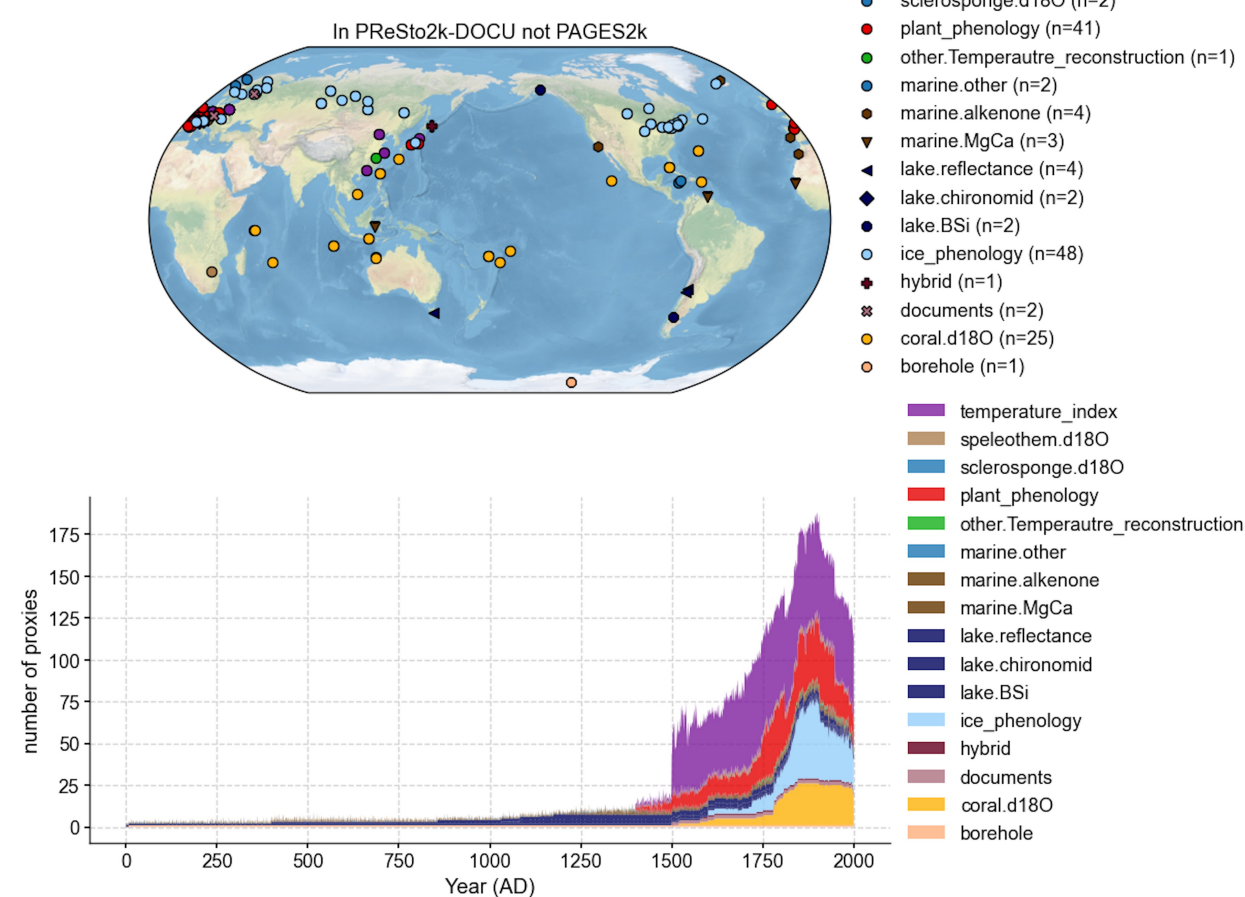
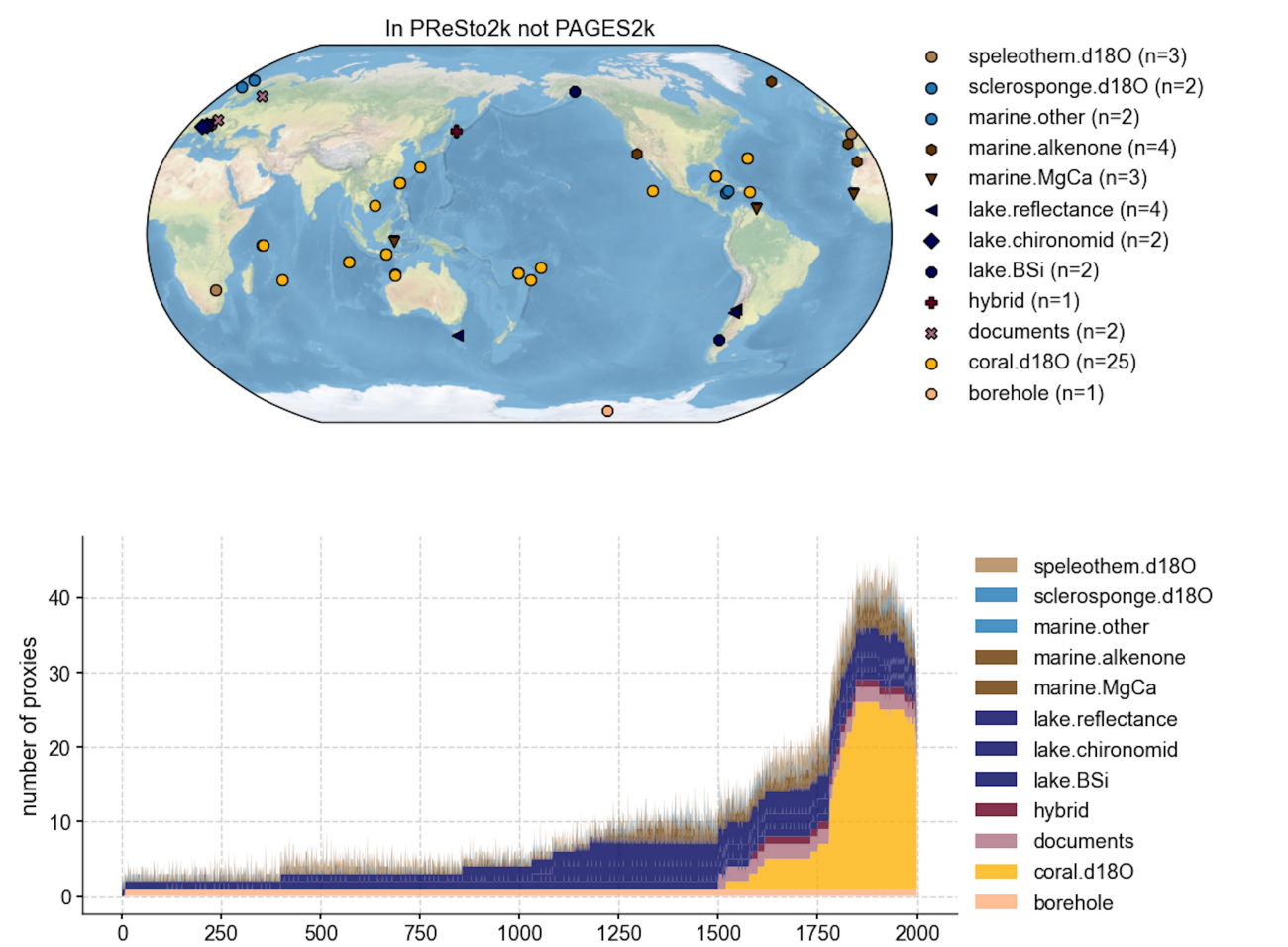
Methods

- Kolmogorov-Depth (KD) Test [4]
- Principal Component (EOF) analysis
- Superposed Epoch Analysis (SEA)
- **Tools:** *cfr* [2], xEOFs [9]

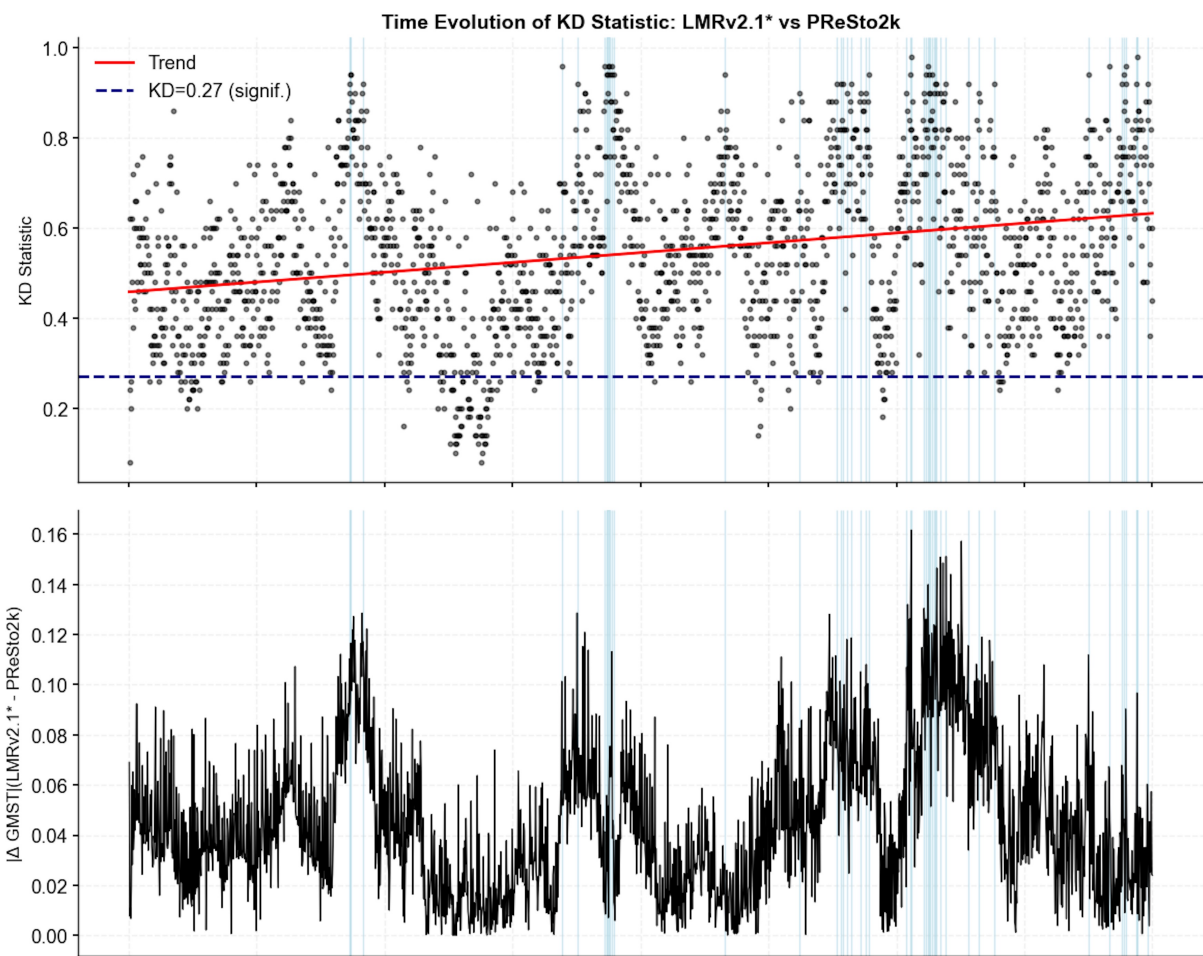
Key Takeaways

- **The KD statistic** [4] helps spotlight differences between reconstructions
- **Proxy type and location** matter at least as much as proxy count in shaping reconstruction differences, particularly where coverage is low.
- **EOFs reflect these differences:** high-KD years show larger PC amplitude shifts and spatial changes are dominant where new proxies are added
- **Volcanic SEA responses differ** across reconstructions in magnitude and pattern, also reflective of proxy additions
- **Enhanced proxy networks result in larger overall variability;** in particular, the volcanic response is stronger after introducing documentary data [3]

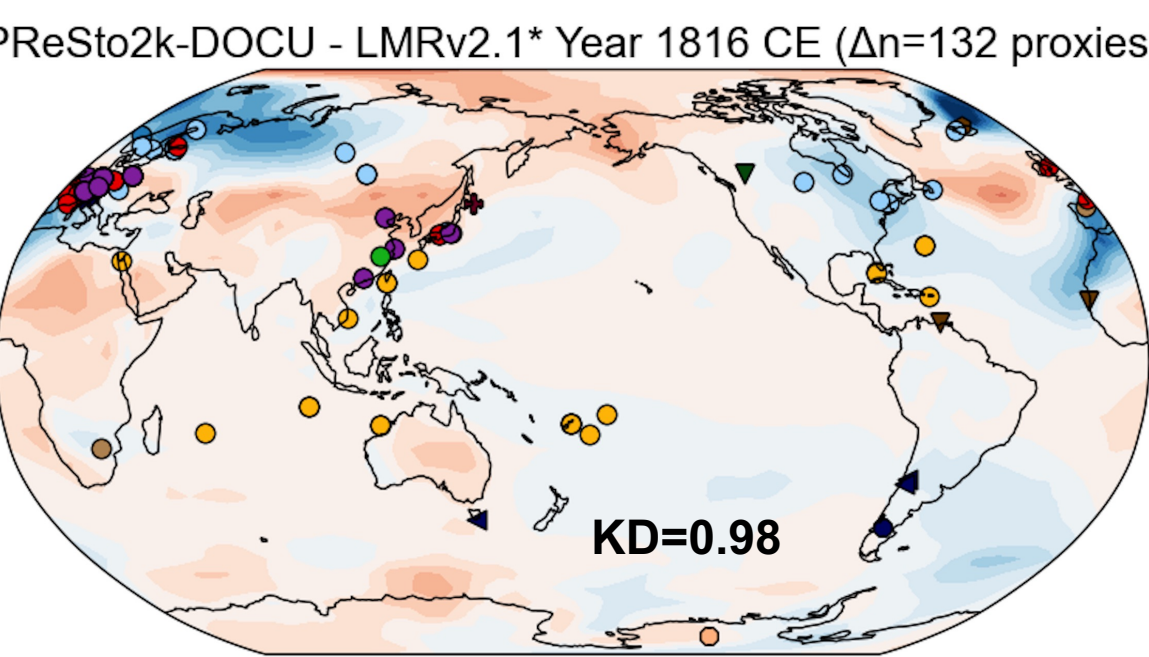
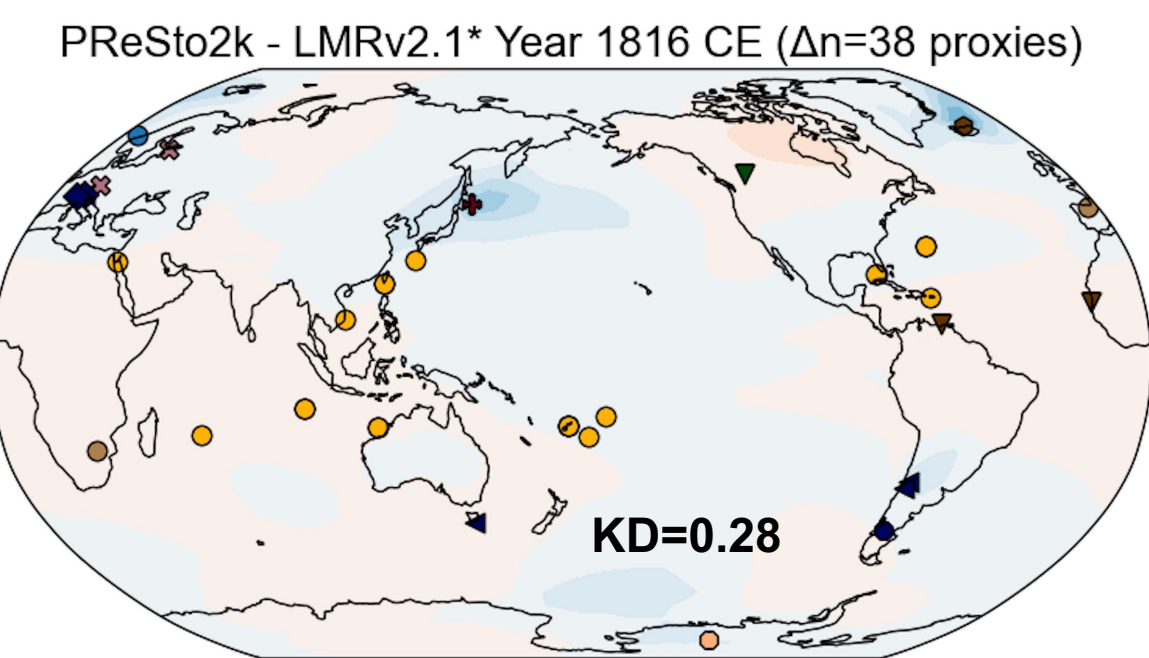
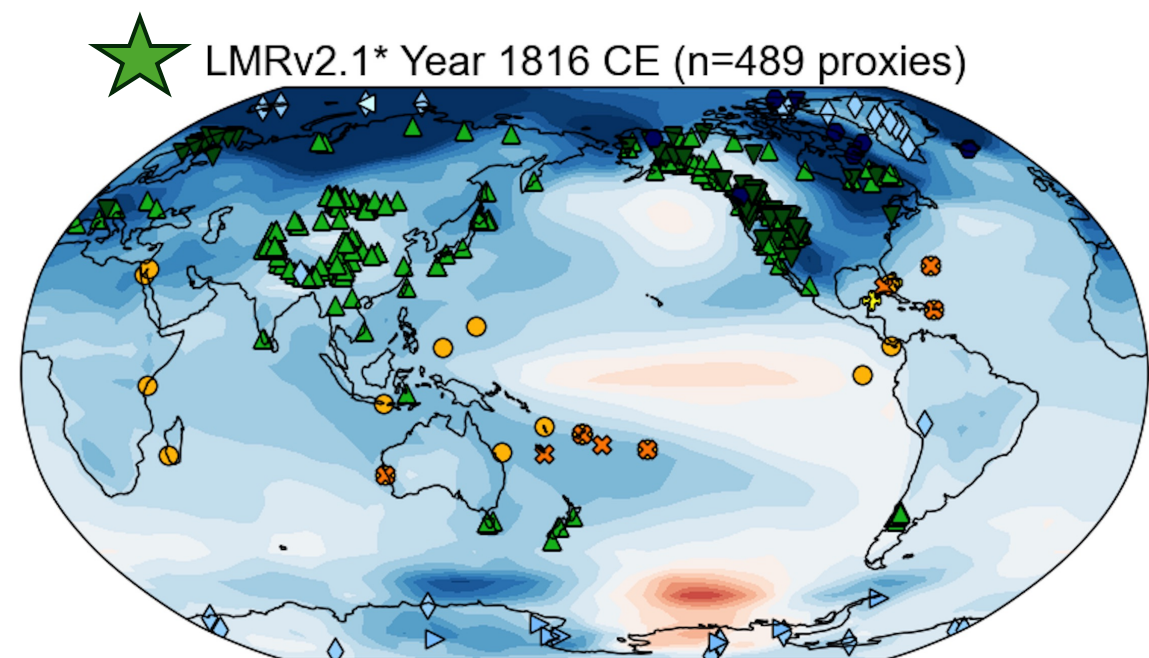
Proxy Databases



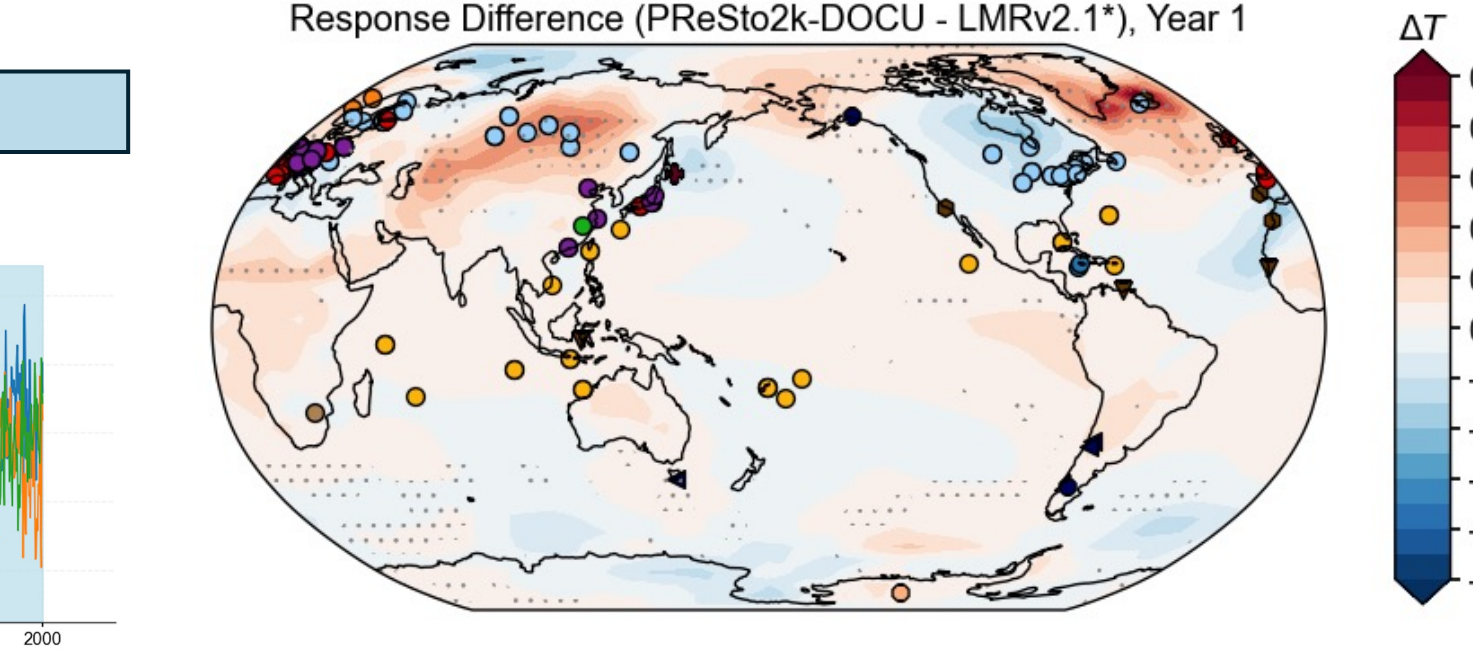
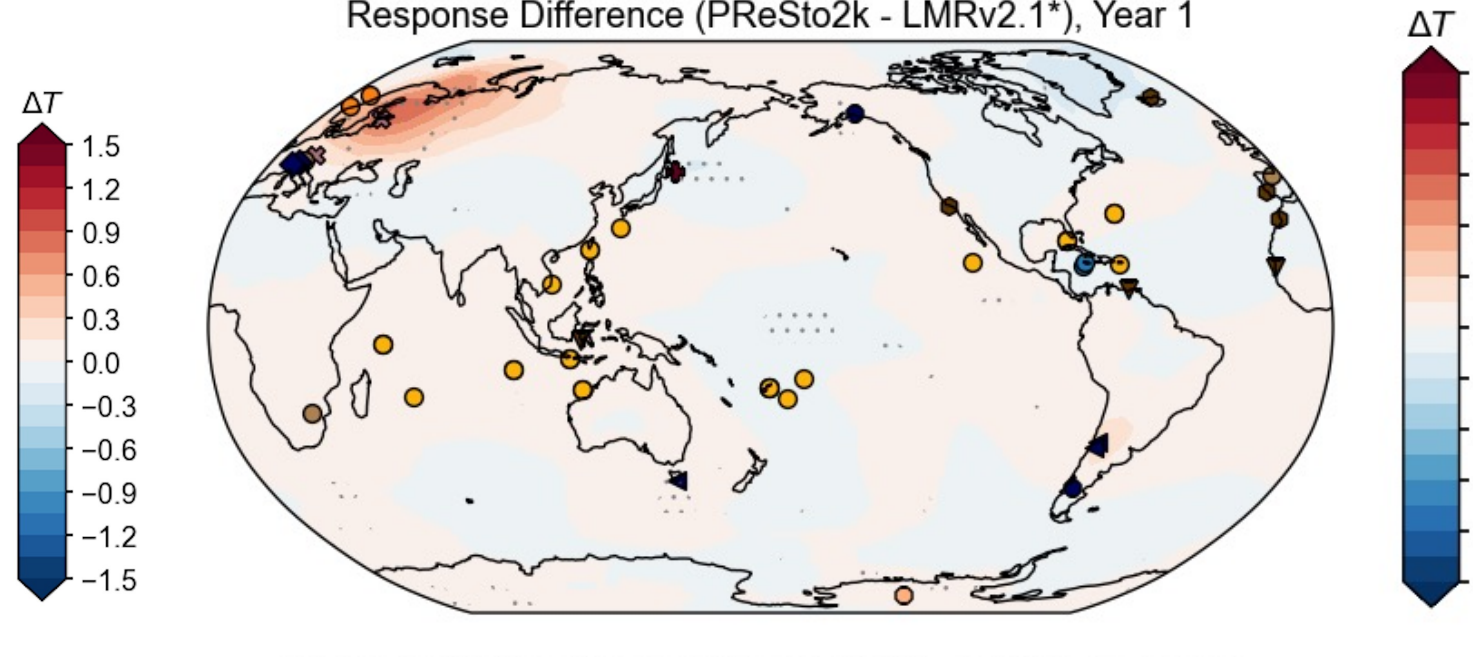
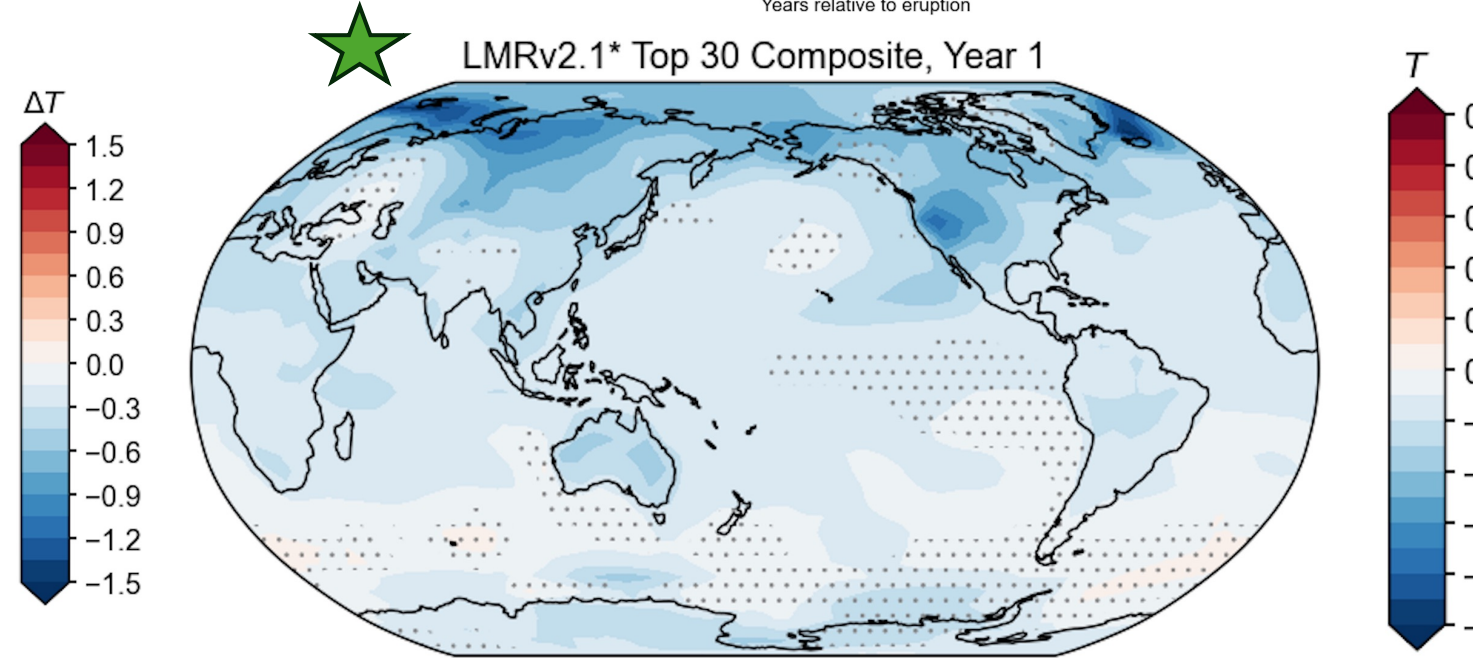
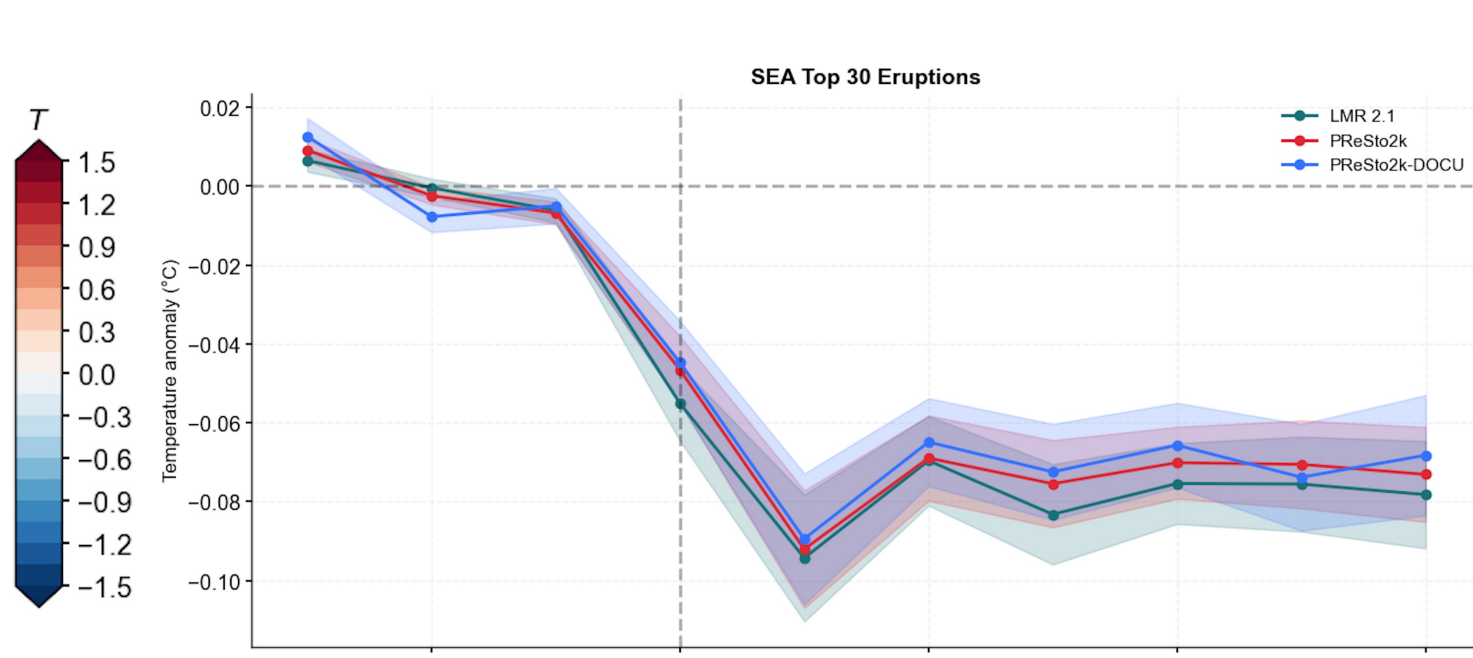
KD-Test



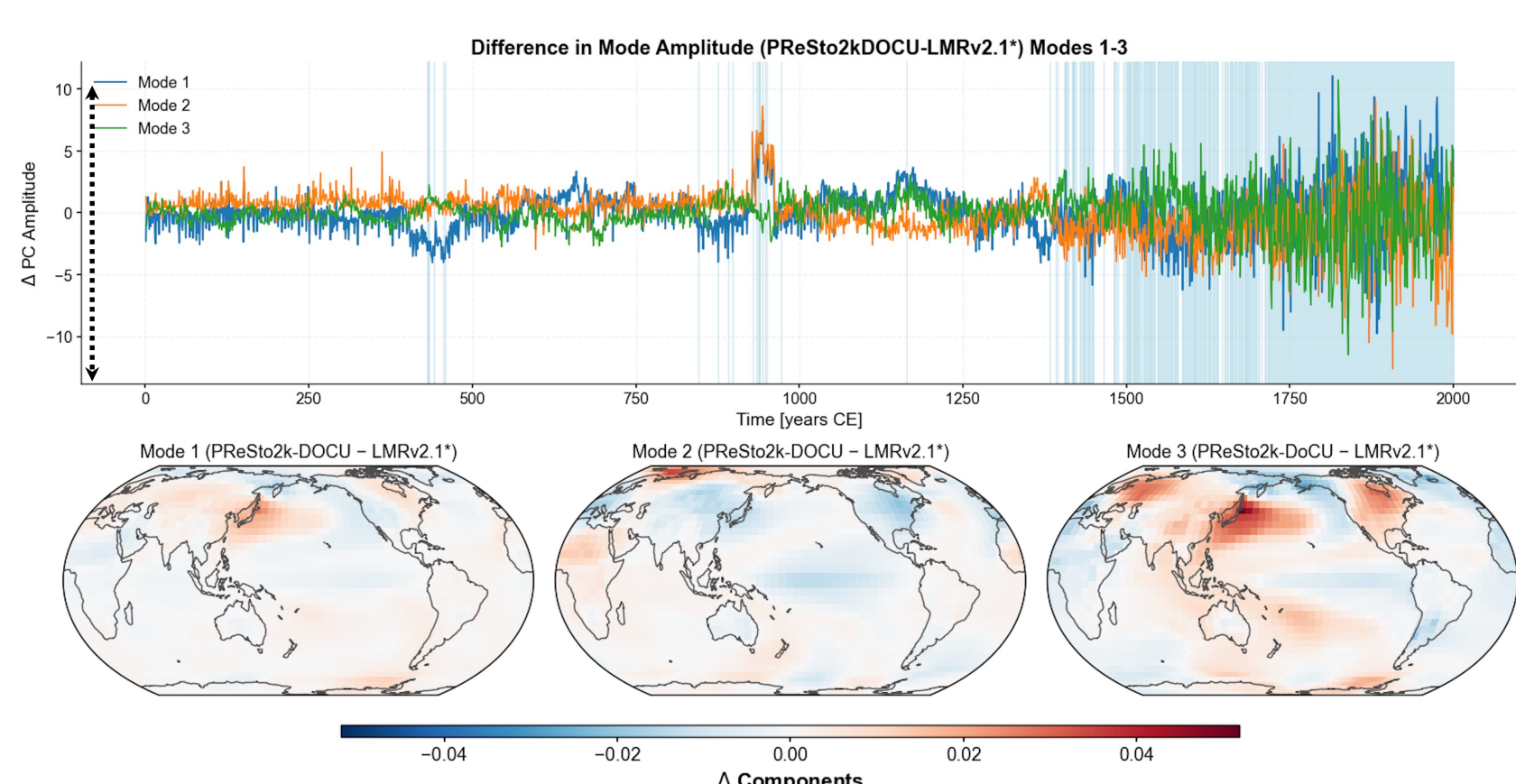
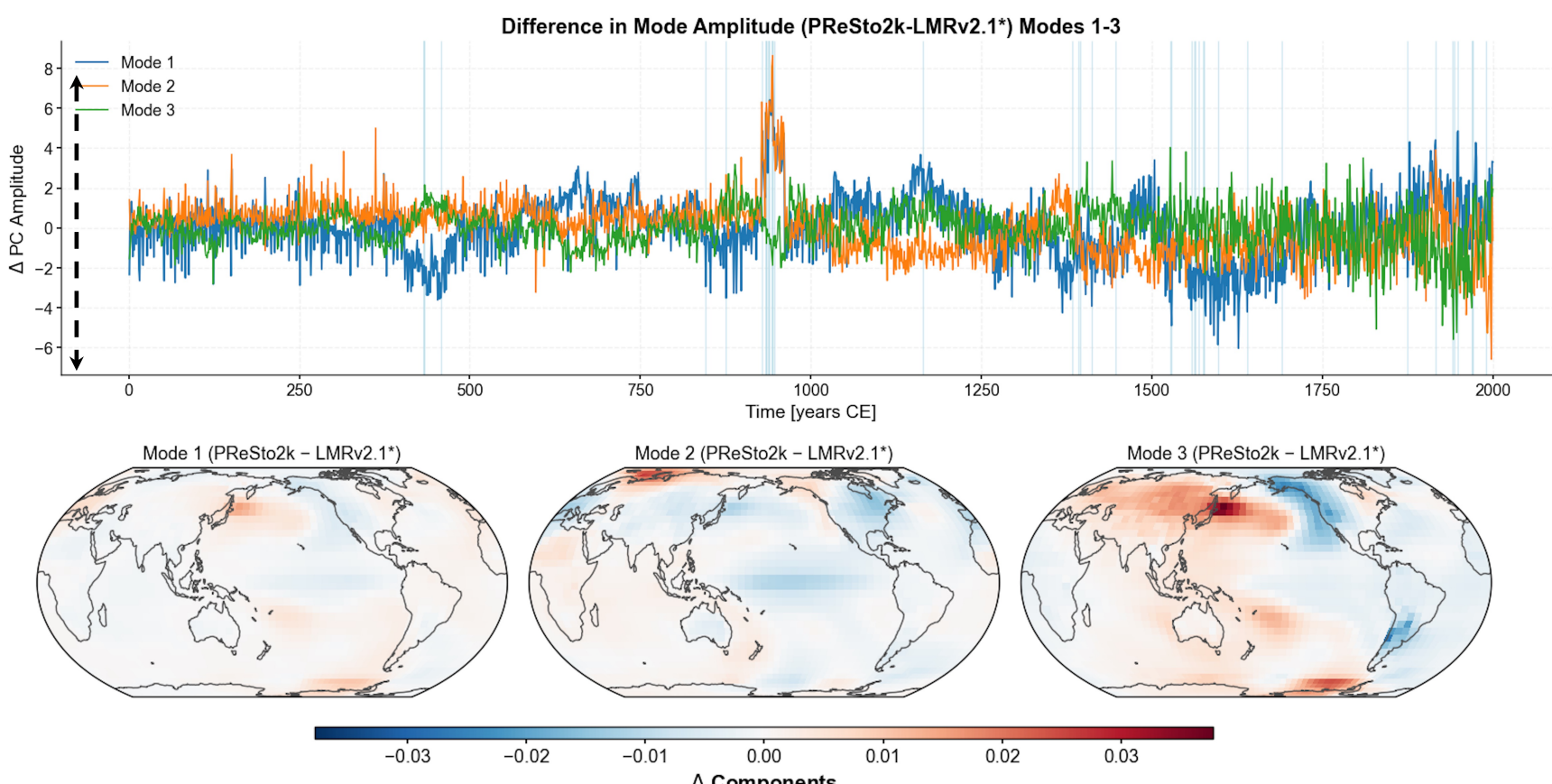
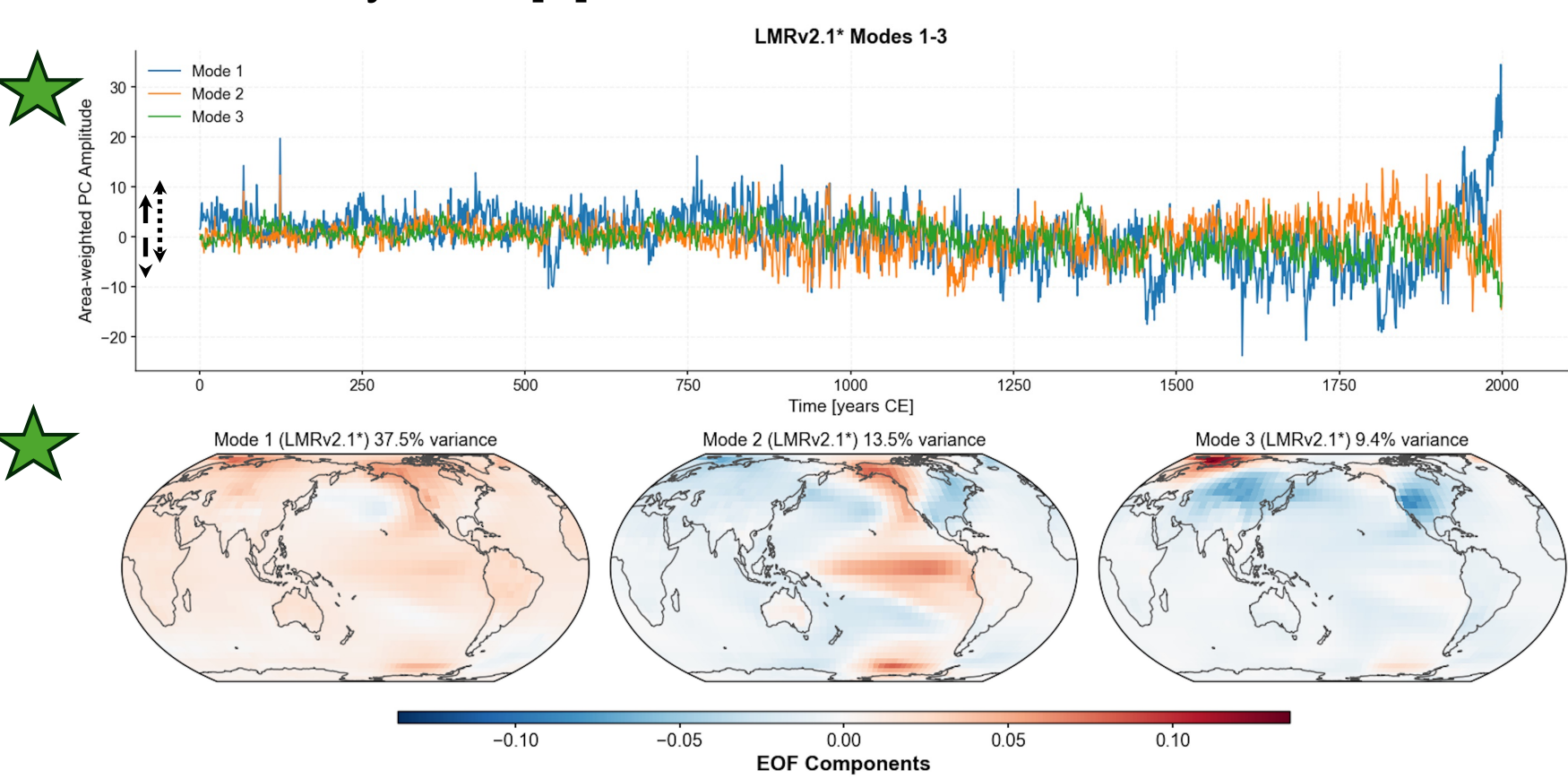
Tambora Response



SEA



EOF Analysis



References

[1] Emile-Geay, J. *et al.* (2017). *Sci. Data*, doi: 10.1038/sdata.2017.88

[2] Zhu, F. *et al.* (2024). *Geosci. Model Dev.*, doi: 10.5194/gmd-17-3409-2024

[3] Burgdorf, A.-M. *et al.* (2023). *Sci. Data*, doi: 10.1038/s41597-023-02290-2

[4] Harris, T. *et al.* (2021). *J. Am. Stat. Assoc.*, doi: 10.1080/01621459.2020.1808156

[5] Tardif, R. *et al.* (2019). *Clim. Past*, doi: 10.5194/cp-15-1251-2019

[6] Walter, R. M. *et al.* (2023). *Earth Syst. Sci. Data*, doi: 10.5194/essd-15-2081-2023

[7] Konecky, B. L. *et al.* (2020). *Earth Syst. Sci. Data*, doi: 10.5194/essd-12-2261-2020

[8] Toohey, M. & Sigl, M. (2017). *Earth Syst. Sci. Data*, doi: 10.5194/essd-9-809-2017

[9] Rieger, N. & Levang, S. J. (2024). *J. Open Source Softw.*, doi: 10.21105/joss.06060